



Implementing Quality Assurance in Universities/ HEIs through Ensuring and Promoting Stakeholders' Trust

Dr. Muhammad Aslam Bhutto

Dr. Asif Ahmed Shaikh, Dr. Muhammad Wasif & Dr. Riaz Uddin

Quality Enhancement Cell (QEC)

NED University of Engineering & Technology, Karachi-Pakistan



Author's Introduction

- Assistant Professor, Department of Civil Engineering, NED University of Engineering & Technology, Karachi-Pakistan
- PhD Supervisor Approved by Higher Education Commission (HEC) Pakistan
- Principal Investigator, HEC Research Project 'Use of FRPs for Strengthening and Repair of Steel Bridge Members'
- Co-Principal Investigator, HEC Research Project 'Development of Bio Concrete from Micro Organisms'
- Research Interests
 - Improvement in Quality Assurance Process in Universities/ HEIs
 - Internal & External Quality Auditing
 - Evaluation of Academic Programs
 - Novel Techniques in Cement and Bio Concretes
 - Strengthening and Repair of Steel Bridges





mabhutto@neduet.edu.pk mabhutto@hotmail.co.uk

2



Author's Introduction

- Ag. Director, Quality Enhancement Cell (QEC), NED University of Engineering & Technology, Karachi-Pakistan
- > Ag. Quality Management Representative (QMR)
- International Register for Certified Auditors (IRCA) Certified Lead Auditor
- Certified Procurement Professional approved by Sindh Public Procurement Authority (SPPRA) Pakistan
- > Trainer/ Resource Persons
 - Quality Assurance in Higher Education
 - ISO 9001:2015 Standards
 - PEC Out-Come Based Education (OBE) System
 - HEC Self-Assessment (SA) Mechanisms
 - Institutional Performance Evaluation (IPE)
 - Public Procurement Processes

Technical Expert for Civil Engineering Works, Anti-Corruption Department, Govt. of Sindh





mabhutto@neduet.edu.pk mabhutto@hotmail.co.uk

3

INQAAHE NED University Key Stats

- Founded in 1921 as Engineering College
- Upgraded as a University in March 1977
- Certified for Conforming to International ISO 9001:2015 Standards
- > Member of
 - International Network of Quality Assurance Agencies in Higher Education (INQAAHE)
 - Asia Pacific Quality Network (APQN)
 - Pakistan Network of Quality Assurance in Higher Education (PNQAHE)
- NED University offers
 - 29 Undergraduate programs
 - 44 Masters degree programs
 - 17 PhD programs





4





Implementing Quality Assurance in Universities/ HEIs through Ensuring and Promoting Stakeholders' Trust

- > Introduction
- > Problem Statement
- > Methodology
- Results and Discussions
- Conclusion
- >Acknowledgements







Challenge for Researchers! What is <u>Quality</u> in Higher Education (HE)?

Definitions and interpretations depend upon the views of four major groups of stakeholders

- a) Funding bodies, community, taxpayers as providers
- b) Students as users of products
- c) Employers as users of outputs of the products
- d) Academics and Administrators as employees of the HE Sector







Challenge for Researchers! What is <u>Quality</u> in Higher Education (HE)?

Students associate quality with the quality of the institution, programs and courses

Employers' focus for quality is the final product in terms of qualified employees

(Schindler et al, 2015)







Challenge for Researchers! What is <u>Quality</u> in Higher Education (HE)? Two strategies for defining the quality in higher education

- a) To classify the quality to become purposeful, exceptional, transformative and accountable
- b) To identify through specific indicators such as students' performance, institutional support, customer satisfaction and feedback, leadership skills, engagement and trust building of people and process-based approach

(International Organization for Standardization -ISO, 2015)







Quality in HE in Pakistan!

- By the start of this century, the Quality in Higher Education sector of Pakistan started attracting the attention of the Higher Education Commission (HEC) and Universities/HEIs
- At the national level, the HEC-Pakistan established its Quality Assurance Agency (QAA) in 2005
- The QAA introduced/ implemented QA mechanisms through
 - Internal Self-Assessment of Academic Programs
 - External Program Reviews/ Accrediataions
 - Institutional Performance Evaluation (IPE)
 - Guidelines to start new Master's and PhD programs

(Batool & Qureshi, 2005)



Problem Statement



Key Challenge of Quality in Higher Education !

How to Implement

Quality Assurance in Universities/HEIs through Ensuring and Promoting Stakeholders' Trust ???





Methodology



 NED University of Engineering and Technology, Karachi has been certified by the Lloyd's Register Quality Assurance (LRQA) for conforming to requirements of the ISO 9001:2015 Standards for developing and implementing a Quality Management System (QMS)

 The university has developed a Quality System Procedure (QSP) for Internal Quality Auditing (IQA) as clause 5.2 of the ISO 9001:2015 Standards

(NED/QSP 12/05, 2017)





Methodology



- In the present study, the Internal Quality Auditing (IQA) System in NED University of Engineering and Technology is used to implement, improve and evaluate the QA practices and procedures through involvement of stakeholders
- The selected stakeholders (academics and administrators) i.e. auditees include
 - Deans of Faculties
 - Chairpersons of Academic Departments
 - Heads of Non-Academic Departments
- The Internal Quality Auditing (IQA) is a University-wide activity carried out twice a year and is applicable to academic and non-academic functions of all departments included to the QMS







- The IQA activity starts with the audit plan mentioning the audit teams, details of audits, days and timings of the audit
- In order to ensure transparency and fairness as well as to avoid the conflict of interest, the auditors are not assigned to audit departments they belong to
- The plan is prepared by the QEC, approved by the University Leadership and is shared with the auditees at least one week prior to the proposed audit
- The Quality Enhancement Cell (QEC) is responsible for planning, scheduling, execution and reporting on quality audit



Methodology



- The audit is carried out by teams of the Trained Internal Auditors based on their experience and professional skills. The auditors are generally faculty members and officers from academic and non-academic departments and have undergone ISO certified trainings
- The results of 32nd Internal Quality Audit (IQA) conducted in April 2018 have been used as the basis for initiating and implementing the corrective and mitigation actions
- The outcomes of the corrective and mitigation actions are cross-checked with the results of the 33rd IQA held subsequently in October 2018 in order to see the audit effectiveness in terms of improvements





Audit Plan of 32 nd IQA held in April 2018								
Team 01: Dr. Asif Ahmed Shaikh, Dr. Faraz Akbar, Ms. Saima Kashif (24/04/2018)								
Examinations Department	Medical Department	Urban & Infrastructure Engg						
Dean (CPL) & Dean (ECE)	Physics / Chemistry	Mathematics						
Team 02: Dr. Farooq Hassan, Dr. M. Ali Memon, Ms. Nazia Sami (24/04/2018)								
NED Academy	Civil Engineering	Earthquake Engineering						
Materials Engineering	Chemical Engineering	Directorate of Planning & Project						
Team 03: Dr. Muhammad Wasif, Syed Kabeer Ehsan (24/04/2018)								
Dean (CPE)/ (MME)/ (ISH)	Audit Department	Petroleum Engineering						
Directorate of Finance	Comp. Sc. & Software Engg	Directorate of Services						
Team 04: Dr. M. Aslam Bhutto, Dr.Rashid A Khan, Ms. Sidra Masood (25/04/2018)								
Student Affairs Department	Mechanical Engineering	Information Technology						
Textile Engineering	Electronic Engineering	Computer & Info-Sys Engg						
Team 05: Dr. Riaz Uddin, Mr. M. N	Team 05: Dr. Riaz Uddin, Mr. M. Nasir, Syed Imran Ali (25/04/2018)							
Dean (AMS)	Biomedical Engineering	Food Engineering						
Architecture & Planning	Directorate of Ind. Liaison	ORIC						
Team 06: Dr. Saira Faisal, Mr. Haseeb Ansari, Engr. Danish Majeed (25/04/2018)								
Procurement Cell	Electrical Engineering	Polymer & Petrochemical Engg						
Quality Management Cell	Automotive & Marine Engg	Industrial & Manuf. Engg						
Team 07: Syed Basit Ali, Dr.Zahoorul Hussain, Dr. Sana Muqeem (25/04/2018)								
Registrar Office	Environmental Engineering Metallurgical Engineering							
Engr. Abul Kalam Library	Vice Chancellor's Secretariat Humanities							

NQAAHE
TERNATIONAL NETWORK FOR QUALITY ASSURANCE AGENCIES IN HIGHER EDUCATION

CMAR Specimen



NED UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY



CORRECTIVE / RISK MITIGATION ACTION REQUEST

CMAR #: 06-32	Date: 25-04-2018	Internal Audit #: IQA 32/18	
Department Audited: Electronic Engineering	Name of Auditee: Prof. Dr. S.M. Usman Ali Shah	Name of Auditor: Dr. MA Bhutto	
NON-CONFORMANCE:		GRADE: "RC"	
Some 3 CH courses; eg. EL-306; have cours eg. EE-121 based on 48 lectures. This needs	e plans based on 45 lectures while some others, s uniformity and corrections.	REF. CLAUSE (S):	
	- might Pulls		
Signed By MR/ Director QEC:			
REASON AND CORRECTIVE / F	RISK MITIGATING ACTION DECID	DED: (To be filled by the Auditee)	
Some 3 credit non	5 Lectores and some	Name of Person Responsible for Implementation:	
etcues were based	on 48 lectures.	CAs and AC	
Corrective / Risk Mitigating Action	n Decided:	Target Date:	
course plones	nere made mojorm	1 1 2	
based on 45	lectures.	ANY -3525	
CITAT FOLLOW UP	Signed	By HOD Concerned:	
STATUS OF IMPLEMENTATIO	N / EFFECTIVENESS:		
Date of Follow Up: 03/5/1	3		
Implementation Effectively Complete	ed: Implementation Complete	d but not Effective:	
Implementation not Completed, mor	e time is needed:		
Remarks (If not implemented):			
CMAR Closed: CMAR No	ot Closed, Date Extended: New	xt Target Date :	
New CMAR Issued: New	CMAR #:	Ante	
Signed By M.R./ Director QEC/ Aud	ditor: 0000860 Signed	By HOD Concerned:	



Result Summary of 32nd & 33rd IQA



Observation/ Non-Conformity		32 nd IQA-April 2018		33 rd IQA-October 2018		
Name	Abbreviation	Severity Score	No. of Obs./NCs	Severity Score	No. of Obs./NCs	Severity Score
Scope for Improvement	SFI	00	13	00	15	00
Requires Correction	RC	01	15	15	11	11
Minor Non- Conformity	Minor NC	02	02	04	00	00
Major Non- Conformity	Major NC	04	00	00	00	00
			All followed & closed	Total = 19	All being followed	Total = 11



Discussion of Results

- All the observations and non-conformities of the 32nd Internal Quality Audit (IQA) stand closed after carrying out and verifying the required corrective and mitigation actions before conduct of the 33rd IQA in October 2018
- The involvement of stakeholders i.e. auditees during the whole audit process and their close coordination with the QEC and auditors not only helped in developing, promoting and ensuring their trust, but also in deciding, initiating and implementing necessary actions over the audit observations and non-conformities
- The number of non-conformities (i.e. RCs and Major & Minor NCs) as well as the severity scores in the 33rd IQA has reduced as compared to those of the 32nd IQA (19 to 11)

Discussion of Results

- The trust of auditees developed and promoted during course of the 32nd IQA appeared to be a major source of the improvements in the QA practices and can particularly be assessed from the results of the 33rd IQA
- No case of the conflict of interest was observed after following the policy of not including the audit team members in the audit of their own academic and nonacademic departments; this also helped in ensuring trust of the stakeholders i.e. auditees in the audit exercise

Conclusions

- The study presents an audit exercise carried out in NED University of Engineering and Technology using the Quality Auditing System to be as effective tool to implement and improve the QA practices
- In the audit exercise, involvement of stakeholders
 i.e. auditees has been used as the basis for
 detecting, initiating and implementing the
 corrective and mitigation actions

Conclusions

- The effectiveness of these actions in terms of improvements is verified through the results of the subsequent audit i.e. 33rd IQA held subsequently in October 2018
- The involvement of stakeholders and avoiding the conflict of interest in the whole audit process helped in developing and promoting their trust as well as resulted in achieving and ensuring the quality assurance (QA) of the academic and support functions

Acknowledgments

The Authors are indebted to

 The Government of Pakistan and NED University of Engineering and Technology for providing assistance in carrying out the QA exercise and funding to participate in the 15th International INQAAHE Conference

 The International Network for Quality Assurance Agencies in Higher Education (INQAAHE) for extending opportunity to present the study before global audience

Thank you.